

N Q DELAWARE RIVER BASIN, び MERRILL CREEK, WARREN COUNTY, A098 NEW JERSEY 6 NATional Jam Safety Program. INGERSOLL RAND DAM NJ 00460) PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT-9 Final TRIBUTION UNLIMITED. 15 DACNGY-77-C-0014 DEPARTMENT COPY Philadelphia District Corps of Engineers Philadelphia Pennsylvania DAEN 1 41 17 53842 14 0044-81/03

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Structural Analysis	·	
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inspection, review of available design and construction records, and preliminary

structural and hydraulic and hydrologic calculations, as applicable. An assessment of the dam's general condition is included in the report.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FHILADELPHIA DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS CUSTOM HOUSE—2 D & CHESTNUT STREETS PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19106

27 APR 1981

Honorable Brendan T. Byrne Governor of New Jersey Trenton, New Jersey 08621

Dear Governor Byrne:

Inclosed is the Phase I Inspection Report for Ingersoll Rand Dam in Warren County, New Jersey which has been prepared under authorization of the Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367. A brief assessment of the dam's condition is given in the front of the report.

Based on visual inspection, available records, calculations and past operational performance, Ingersoll Rand Dam, initially listed as a high hazard potential structure, but reduced to a significant hazard potential structure as a result of this inspection, is judged to be in fair overall condition. The dam's spillway is considered inadequate because a flow equivalent to 82 percent of the One Hundred Year Flood would cause the dam to be overtopped. However, if the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir Project is constructed, the Ingersoll Rand Dam will be submerged. As some time will be required for the new dam's construction, it is recommended that the following remedial actions be initiated within thirty days from the date of approval of this report:

- a. The owners should develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to ensure the safety of the dam.
- b. The owners should develop an emergency action plan, if one does not already exist, and a downstream warning system in case of an emergency at the dam.

In the event the new dam construction is delayed or postponed, the following actions, as a minimum, are recommended:

a. The spillway's adequacy should be determined by a qualified professional consultant engaged by the owner using more sophisticated methods, procedures, and studies. Within three months of the consultant's findings remedial measures to ensure spillway adequacy should be initiated.

NAPEN-N-Honorable Brendan T. Byrne

- b. The vertical crack near the left abutment of the dam should be closely monitored. If any signs of widening of the crack are noticed, immediate remedial work should be undertaken to implement repairs that will ensure the structural integrity of the affected portion of the dam.
- c. It is further recommended that repairs of concrete surface cracks and spalling be implemented.

A copy of the report is being furnished to Mr. Dirk C. Hofman, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, the designated State Office contact for this program. Within five days of the date of this letter, a copy will also be sent to Congressman Courter of the Thirteenth District. Under the provision of the Freedom of Information Act, the inspection report will be subject to release by this office, upon request, five days after the date of this letter.

Additional copies of this report may be obtained from the National Technical Information Services (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161 at a reasonable cost. Please allow four to six weeks from the date of this letter for NTIS to have copies of the report available.

An important aspect of the Dam Inspection Program will be the implementation of the recommendations made as a result of the inspection. We accordingly request that we be advised of proposed actions taken by the State to implement our recommendations.

Sincerely,

1 Incl JAMES

JAMES G. TON
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
District Engineer

Copies furnished: Mr. Dirk C. Hofman, P.E., Deputy Director Division of Water Resources N.J. Dept. of Environmental Protection P.O. Box CN029 Trenton, NJ 08625

As stated

Mr. John O'Dowd, Acting Chief Bureau of Flood Plain Regulation Division of Water Resources N.J. Dept. of Environmental Protection P.O. Box CN029 Trenton, NJ 08625 Andession For

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INGERSOLL RAND DAM (NJ00460)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

This dam was inspected on 21 August 1980 by Louis Berger and Associates Inc. under contract to the State of New Jersey. The State, under agreement with the U.S. Army Engineer District, Philadelphia, had this inspection performed in accordance with the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.

Ingersoll Rand Dam, initially listed as a high hazard potential structure, but reduced to a significant hazard potential structure as a result of this inspection, is judged to be in fair overall condition. The dam's spillway is considered inadequate because a flow equivalent to 82 percent of the One Hundred Year Flood would cause the dam to be overtopped. However, if the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir Project is constructed, the Ingersoll Rand Dam will be submerged. As some time will be required for the new dam's construction, it is recommended that the following remedial actions be initiated within thirty days from the date of approval of this report:

- The owners should develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to ensure the safety of the dam.
- b. The owners should develop an emergency action plan, if one does not already exist, and a downstream warning system in case of an emergency at the dam.

In the event the new dam construction is delayed or postponed, the following actions, as a minimum, are recommended:

- The spillway's adequacy should be determined by a qualified professional consultant engaged by the owner using more sophisticated methods, procedures, and studies. Within three months of the consultant's findings remedial measures to ensure spillway adequacy should be initiated.
- The vertical crack near the left abutment of the dam should be closely monitored. If any signs of widening of the crack are noticed, immediate remedial work should be undertaken to implement reensure the structural integrity of the affected portion of the wam.

c. It is further recommended that repairs of concrete surface cracks and spalling be implemented.

APPROVED: Fines

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

District Engineer

DATE: 21/10x11/38/

PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Name of Dam	Ingersoll-Rand Dam Fed ID # NJ 00460
	NJ ID # 658

State Located	New Jersey
County Located	Warren
Coordinates	Lat. 4043.8 - Long. 7506.3
Stream	Merrill Creek
Date of Inspection	August 21, 1980

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

Ingersoll-Rand Dam is assessed to be in a fair overall structural condition and it is recommended that it be downgraded to a significant hazard category. No findings were uncovered to merit further study. Although its spillway is inadequate, it can handle 81% of the design flood and overtopping by the design flood would not imperil the dam. However, a vertical crack near the left abutment should be monitored closely to detect any signs of deterioration and insure timely remedial procedures. The owners should also develop immediately written operating and maintenance procedures as well as an emergency action plan and a downstream warning system. Repairs of concrete surface cracks and spalling should be implemented but this remedial work can be waived if the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir is constructed in the near future.

Abraham Perera P.E. Project Manager





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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines can be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of Phase I investigations is to identify expeditiously those dams that may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based on available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In the review of this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions will be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway test flood is based on the estimated "probable maximum flood" for the region (greatest reasonable possible storm runoff) or fractions thereof. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition, and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM NAME OF DAM: INGERSOLL-RAND DAM FED I.D. # NJ 00460

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority

This report is authorized by the Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, and has been prepared in accordance with Contract FPM-36 between Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. and the State of New Jersey and its Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Water Resources. The State, in turn, is under agreement with the U.S. Army Engineer District, Philadelphia to have this inspection performed.

b. Purpose of Inspection

The purpose of this inspection is to evaluate the structural and hydraulic condition of the Ingersoll-Rand Dam and appurtenant structures and to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances

Ingersoll-Rand Dam is a 252-foot-long concrete gravity dam constructed in 1904. Its spillway, 119 feet long and 30 feet high, has an ogee cross section. The spillway begins 29 feet from the west abutment. The top of the dam is 3.5 feet above the top of the spillway. A concrete intake structure is located behind the upstream face of the dam next to the east end of the spillway. It consists of a gate house, an intake channel, and a draw down well. The well is 10 feet by 10 feet. (inside dimensions) and is 32 feet and 9 inches Three cast iron drain pipes (two with an 18-inch diameter and one with a 33-inch diameter) are located 10 feet 5 inches, 21 feet 6 inches, and 32 feet 9 inches from the top of the dam. Only the valve of the low-level 33 inch diameter C.I. pipe is operable. A flow gauge is located near the bottom of the east end of the spillway and is attached to the left spillway sidewall. Another flow gauge is situated in the reservoir upstream from the dam.

b. Location

The dam is located on Merrill Creek in Harmony Township, Warren County, New Jersey and lies approximately 850 feet southeast of the intersection of Fox Farm and Bolts roads. It is also located approximately 1.35 miles north of New Jersey Route 57 and 1.42 miles east of New Jersey Route 519. It impounds the main channel of Merrill Creek.

c. Classification

The maximum height of the dam is approximately 35 feet and the maximum storage is estimated to be 216 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is placed in the <u>small</u> size category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of <u>Dams</u> (storage less than 1,000 acre-feet and height less than 40 feet).

d. Hazard Classification

The dam is located in a relatively undeveloped area made up of steep wooded hills. The nearest of the three dozen dwellings located near the downstream channel are approximately 4,000 feet away from the dam. Although most of the dwellings are located 10 or more feet above the channel bottom, there are a few which are close to the channel banks. If the dam broke, the narrow, steep sloped, heavily wooded downstream channel would help to dissipate most of the flood wave energy before it could reach the nearest dwellings. However, if the dwellings or the road that follows the steep channel banks downstream from the dam were flooded, potentially heavy property damage as well as the loss of a few lives could result. The Ingersoll-Rand Dam is therefore placed in the Significant Hazard category.

e. Ownership

The dam and surrounding property is owned by the Merrill Creek Owners Group/Ingersoll-Rand Company, 80 Park Place, Newark, New Jersey, 07101, of which the Public Service Electric and Gas Company (P.S.E.&G.) is a member. Information about the Ingersoll-Rand Dam and the Merril Creek

Reservoir Project can be obtained by calling: Mr. Thomas Ochab (201)430-8382 or Mr. Harvey Shramm (201)454-1213.

f. Purpose of Dam

The dam was originally constructed to supply water to meet the industrial needs of the Ingersoll-Rand Company. It served also during the early years to provide potable water to the houses located downstream. A 12-inch pipe can still be seen near the downstream channel. This pipe was plugged in the 1960s. The dam no longer supplies water. In the near future, if the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir is constructed, the Ingersoll-Rand Dam will be submerged.

g. Design and Construction History

The existing Ingersoll-Rand Dam was designed in 1903 and constructed in 1904 by the Ingersoll-Rand Company. Since then, it has been repaired and modified several times. The documentation of the work performed before 1980 is unavailable, how-Based on information obtained from P.S.E.&G., it appears that the exposed surfaces of the dam have been resurfaced and patched and that, at least on one occasion, in 1948, the reservoir was completely drained during the repair work performed on the dam. In 1965 an extension approximately 18 inches high was added to the spillway of the dam. In 1980, following a stability analysis performed by Charles T. Main Inc., of Boston, Massachusetts, the spillway extension was removed. The removal work was completed in June of 1980. During the removal work, the reservoir pool was lowered approximately 4 feet. The removal work was performed under Dam Application Permit No. 658.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. Drainage Area

The watershed of the Ingersoll-Rand Dam has a drainage area of 3.8 square miles, which consists of woodland, cropland, meadowland, and rural residential development. The area includes four upstream dams on the main branch of the river.

- Principal Spillway Capacity at Maximum Pool
 Elevation (Top of Dam) 2,904 cfs
- c. Elevation (ft. above MSL)

Top of dam - 732.5

Recreation pool - 728.5 (spillway crest)

Streambed at centerline of dam - 697.5+ (varies)

d. Reservoir

Length of maximum pool - 2,500 feet Length of recreation pool - 1,200 feet

e. Storage (acre-feet)

Recreation pool - 154 Top of dam - 199

f. Reservoir Surface (acres)

Top of dam - 15.0 Recreation pool - 7.3

q. Dam

Type - concrete with ogee type spillway
Length - 252 feet
Height - 35 feet
Top width - 2.5 feet
Side slopes - u/s vertical, d/s lH:3V
Zoning - N/A
Cutoff - unknown
Grout curtain - unknown

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel

None

i. Spillway

Type - Ogee weir with concrete splash apron Length - 119 feet Crest elevation - 728.5 Gates - none U/S channel - main reservoir D/S channel - natural channel

j. Regulating Outlets - 33-inch diameter C.I. pipe with gate type valve

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

The dam was designed in 1903. No computations are available to document the design criteria and data used. A plan of the dam, dated 1903, prepared by the former Lopatcong Water Company is available in the files of P.S.E.&G. Co., 80 Park Place, Newark, New Jersey 07101. In February 1980, Charles T. Main, Consulting Engineers of Boston, Massachusetts, performed stability calculations for the dam. From site inspection, it appears that the dam is founded on rock. The rock formation at the dam site is composed of Precambrian rocks of metasedimentary and metavolcanic nature. The Precambrian gneiss is underlain by a resistant Precambrian crystalline sequence composed mainly of quartz-foldspathic gneisses with some inclusions of amphibolite and marble.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

The only data on the original construction of the dam, in 1904, are the details shown on the 1903 Lopatcong Water Company plan for the dam. Since 1904, the Ingersoll-Rand Company has performed many small modifications and repairs of the dam. The only available documentation on such modifications are the plans and specifications for the removal in 1980 of the vertical extension of the spillway, originally constructed in 1965. The plans and specifications for the spillway extension removal work are available in the files of P.S.E.&G. Co.

2.3 OPERATION

Presently the dam does not serve any stated purpose. It will be eventually submerged after the construction of the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir. The dam is checked once every hour by the Merrill Creek Reservoir Project security patrol. Should there be flood conditions, the security patrol would notify the engineering office, which would decide whether the low-level outlet pipe should be opened to lower the reservoir.

2.4 EVALUATION

a. Availability

Sufficient engineering data are available to assess the structural stability and hydrologic characteristics of this dam. The foundation stability is not questioned, given that the dam most certainly is founded on rock, although the founding levels of the various wall components are unknown.

b. Adequacy

The field inspection and review of available data reveal that the dam is structurally acceptable in its present condition. It is felt that adequate data were available to render the assessment contained in Sections 6 and 7 without recourse to gathering additional information.

c. Validity

The validity of the available data is not challenged and is accepted without recourse to futher investigations.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General

The on-site inspection was conducted on August 21, 1980. At this time, several inches of normal flow were discharging over the central part of the spillway crest, which is depressed with respect to the left and right ends of the spillway. The dam appears to be in an overall satisfactory condition except as noted hereinafter.

b. Dam

The dam is a concrete gravity-type dam with an ogee spillway. It closes a 252-foot-wide saddle in the gneiss bedrock. The dam end walls on each side of the spillway are approximately 3.5 feet higher than the spillway crest as recently modified. Due to spillway crest modification work a triangular depression, 0.45 feet deep at center and 38 feet wide, exists in the top of the spillway. The exposed concrete surface also exhibits numerous surface cracks and efflorescence. Spalling was also observed in several areas, particularly at construction (cold) joints. Several 2-inch-diameter steel pipes are protruding from the downstream face of the dam and the spillway. Based on information obtained from P.S.E.&G., these pipes were installed to allow for seepage through the cracks that developed over the years in the concrete of the dam. One such crack was noticed near the left abutment of the dam (see photo). This crack is discussed further in Section 6. During the site inspection it was observed that several of these pipes were seeping, particularly on the left half of the dam. The abutments of the dam against the adjacent bedrock seem to be in good condition; rain runoff has led to only minor erosion of the surface soil adjacent to the concrete of the dam.

c. Appurtenant Structures

The appurtenant structures of the Ingersoll-Rand Dam include a wooden gate house, a drawdown well, a concrete apron at the downstream edge of the spillway, and two water-level recording gages, one located upstream in the reservoir and the other attached to the left spillway sidewall.

The gate house is in a run-down condition. The two 18-inch-diameter pipes within the drawdown well are no longer in use. The low level 33-inch-diameter pipe was used as recently as June 1980 to lower the reservoir level. All three pipes are equipped with gate-type valves. The inside concrete surfaces of the drawdown well appear to be in good condition except for a slight seepage around the perimeter of the two upper pipes. The two water-level-recording gauges are Leupold & Stevens Type F gauges. They are new and were installed recently by P.S.E.&G.

d. Reservoir Area

The reservoir area extends on both sides of the Fox Farm Road, which crosses the Merrill Creek on a 24-foot-span concrete bridge. The watershed area is protected against surrounding development and is composed of first-growth woodlands. Bedrock outcrops are common along the shoreline, which rises on a 30 degree approximate slope from the reservoir surface, except near the Fox Farm Road, where the slope is flatter.

e. Downstream Channel

The downstream channel, 200 feet from the dam, is only 20 feet wide. The slopes on each side are relatively steep and heavily wooded. The channel bottom is covered with boulders and fallen tree logs. The channel width gradually widens to 100 or more feet as it approaches the first houses approximately 4,000 feet downstream from the dam. The channel slopes are less steep there and are sparsely wooded. There are approximately three dozen houses, most of which are located away from the channel banks, at least 10 feet above the stream bottom and on both sides of the channel. A few of the houses are located near the channel banks, however.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

Ingersoll-Rand Dam does not serve any direct purpose at the present time. It will be submerged in the near future by the Merrill Creek Reservoir project. The routine operation consists of hourly patrols by the Merrill Creek project security staff. While the main purpose of the patrol is to prevent camping and undesirable activities within the Merrill Creek Reservoir project area, if a flood occurred or there were danger signs of one, the security patrol would alert the engineering office of the project, which would determine the appropriate action to be taken.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

The dam is not maintained routinely. However, the responsibility for any maintenance relating to the safety of the dam would be undertaken by the engineering office of the Merrill Creek Reservoir project. An example is the removal of the vertical extension at the spillway in June 1980 in order to increase the stability and the safety factor of the dam.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES

No apparent routine maintenance was evident, but it appears that the low-level outlet pipe can be operated when required for dam repairs, as was done most recently in June 1980.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF WARNING SYSTEM

No formal warning system exists. The hourly patrolling of the dam by the Merrill Creek Reservoir project security patrol insures, however, that ample warning could be provided to the local authorities and to the owners of the dam. The security patrol is particularly careful to observe the dam during major storms.

4.5 EVALUATION

The existing operational and maintenance procedures and safeguards during major storms are considered adequate for the following reasons:

- The dam spillway has sufficient capacity to handle 81 percent of the 100 year flood. No known serious damage has occured downstream during storms since the dam's construction in 1904.
- The stream channel is covered with boulders and its slopes are heavily wooded. Most of the energy of flow would therefore be dissipated before reaching the inhabited areas.
- In view of the future submergence of the dam by the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir project and the fact that the dam is patrolled on an hourly basis, the present operational and maintenance procedures are considered sufficient and practical.

Nevertheless, in order to safeguard against potential property damage and loss of life, it is recommended that the owners institute and implement a formal early warning system that would permit quickly notifying the local authorities and downstream residents of any unusual occurences noted at the dam during severe storms.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES

a. Design Data

Based on the criteria in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, IngersollRand Dam is small in size and is placed in the
significant hazard category. Accordingly, a
100-year frequency event was selected as the
design storm and an inflow hydrograph calculated
using precipitation data from Technical Paper 40
and NOAA Technical Memorandum NWS Hydro-35. Inflow to the reservoir was calculated utilizing
the HEC-1 computer program, discharging a peak
into the reservoir of 3,611 cfs. Routing this
through the reservoir reduced the value slightly
to 3,569 cfs. The spillway capacity before overtopping of the dam is 2,904 cfs and is therefore
able to accommodate only 81 percent of the design
flood.

b. Experience Data

No recorded information is available regarding floods to which the Ingersoll-Rand Dam has been subjected in the past. P.S.E.&G. installed the water-level recording gauges in order to obtain flow data from August 1980 on. It is known, however, that the dam has been repaired a number of times during its existence and that the reservoir has been completely dewatered at least once.

Visual Observations

There is no evidence of any problem concerning overtopping; the lake was in a normal condition at the time of inspection.

Overtopping

c.

d.

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The appended hydraulic analysis indicates that some potential exists for overtopping, primarily because of the limited spillway capacity. The design flood would overtop the dam crest by approximately 0.3 feet.

Drawdown Potential

With the 33 inch-diameter low-level outlet, it would take approximately 13 hours to dewater the reservoir.

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

a. Visual Observation

Based on field inspection and a stability analysis undertaken by Charles T. Main, the Ingersoll-Rand Dam is in satisfactory structural condition. Various evidence of concrete surface deterioration is not considered serious. The only item of serious concern is a vertical crack on the downstream face of the dam near the left abutment. This crack appears to be more than a few inches deep and there is evidence of past seepage through it. Presently, there are weeds growing out of a considerable length of the crack. Although this crack is not considered to represent an immediate danger, it should be checked periodically and monitored in the future. The dam appears otherwise to be in a satisfactory structural condition.

b. Design and Construction Data

Based on information obtained from P.S.E.&G., very little is known about the original construction of the dam. The dam has been repaired and modified on several occasions. The only drawings and design data available are those at P.S.E.&G., which consist of the 1903 drawing of the dam, the bid documents for the removal of the vertical extension for the spillway, and the stability analysis by Charles T. Main Company. In the context of this report, additional design and construction data would not basically alter any condition insofar as the downstream flooding conditions are concerned.

c. Operating Records

Written operating records are non-existent.

d. Post Construction Changes

As pointed out elsewhere in this report, it is known that the dam has been modified on several occasions, but it is believed that the modifications were minor and included only repairs to its concrete surfaces. The other changes consist of the 1965 vertical extension of the spillway and its subsequent removal in 1980.

e. Seismic Stability

This dam is stable under earthquake acceleration loadings. It is located in Seismic Zone 1, and experience reveals that dams stable under static gravity conditions will be adequately stable under dynamic loading conditions.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENTS/RECOMMENDATIONS/ REMEDIAL ACTIONS

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

a. Safety

Subject to the inherent limitations of the Phase I visual inspection, the Ingersoll-Rand Dam is judged to be in a satisfactory overall condition. The dam has stood for over 75 years but has required various repairs in the past. Its spillway is able to discharge 81 percent of the design flood. It is believed overtopping of the dam would not endanger its structural stability and safety. The vertical crack extending the full height of the dam near the left abutment is of some concern and should be monitored in the future.

b. Adequacy of Information

The data located are deemed adequate for the enclosed analysis regarding safe operation and stability.

c. Urgency

The owners should implement immediately the recommendations set forth below for close monitoring of the dam. The recommended remedial work can be waived if the new Merrill Creek Reservoir is constructed; otherwise, the remedial work should be implemented in the near future.

d. Necessity for Further Study

Further studies are believed to be unnecessary under the purview of Public Law 92-367 as the owners have provisions for routine inspections of the dam and actions that are basically responsive to the requirements mandated under the Dam Safety Act.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASUREMENTS

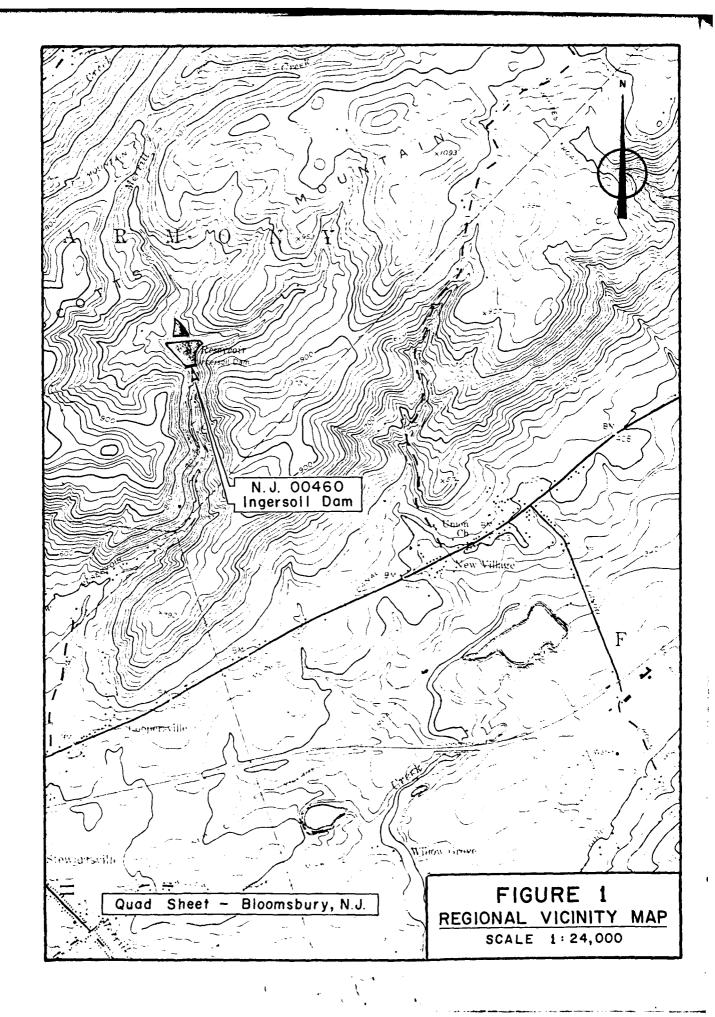
a. Recommendations It is recommended that the ver

It is recommended that the vertical crack near the left abutment of the dam be closely monitored. If any signs of widening of the crack are noticed, immediate remedial work should be undertaken to implement repairs that will insure the structural integrity of the affected portion of the dam. It is further recommended that the repairs of concrete surface cracks and spalling be implemented in the near future. However, this remedial work can be waived if the proposed Merrill Creek Reservoir project is constructed in the near future.

b. O&M Maintenance and Procedures

- 1. The owners should develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to insure the safety of the dam.
- The owners should develop an emergency action plan, if one does not exist, and a downstream warning system in case an emergency occurs at the dam.

The above listed O&M procedures and emergency action plan should be maintained by the owners until the Merrill Creek Reservoir project is completed.



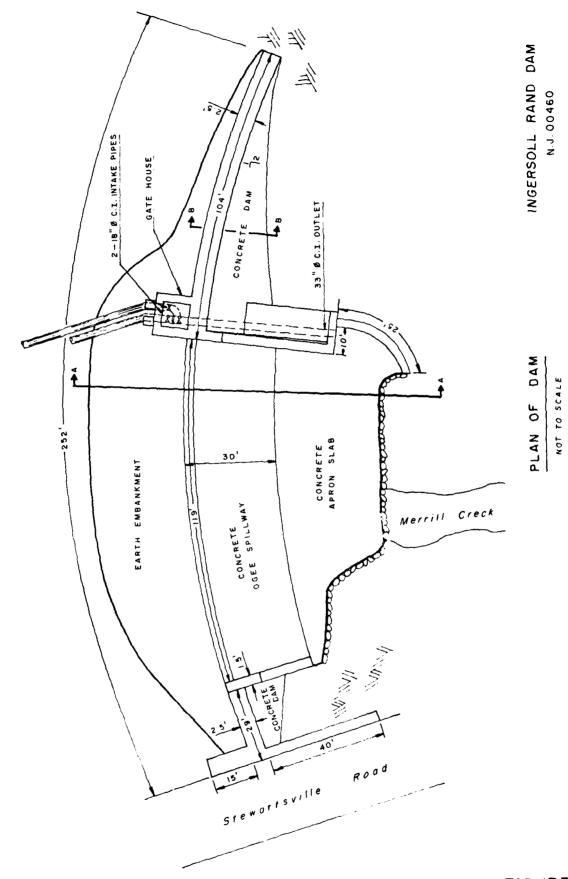
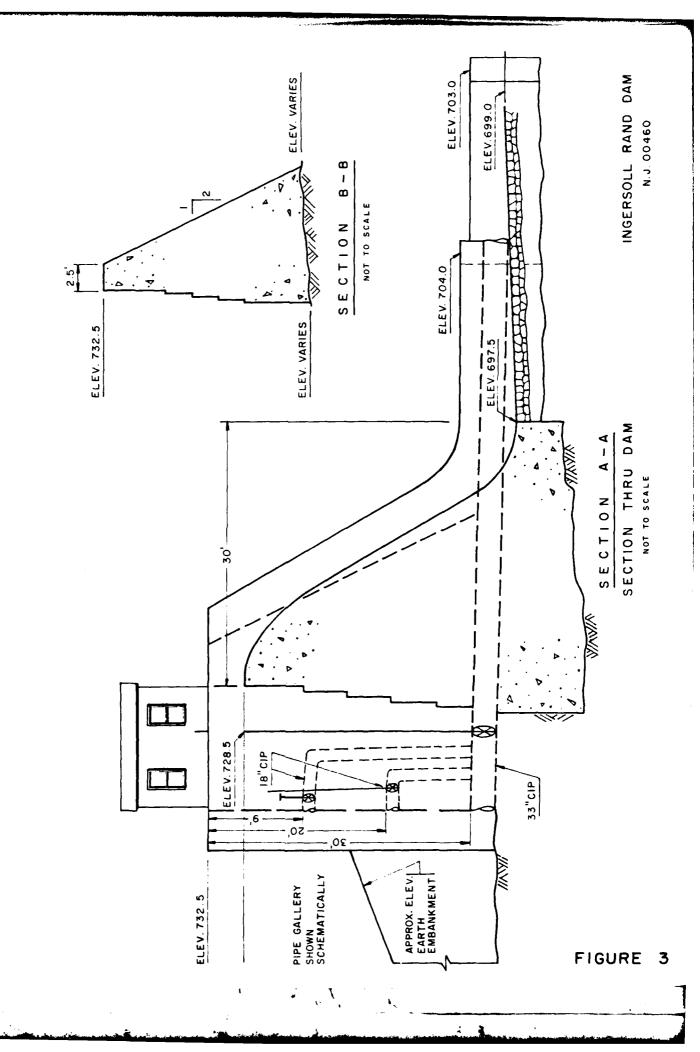


FIGURE 2



Check List Visual Inspection Phase I

Name Dam Ingersoll-Rand	County Warren	Warren	State	State New Jersey	Coordinates	N.J.D.E.P.
Date(s) Inspection 8/21/80	80 Weather	Sunny	Temperature	e 85 %F		
Pool Elevation at Time of Ins	Inspection	727.5 M.S.L.	Tailwater	M.S.L. Tailwater at Time of Inspection 697.5 M.S.L.	ection 697.5	M.S.L.
Inspection Personnel:						
A. Perera	J.	J. Greenstein				
T. Chapter						
D. Lang	1					
		Dorors		Pococo		

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISUAL EXAMIRATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SEEPAGE OR LEAKAGE	None observed	
STRUCTURE TO ABUTHENT/EMBARMENT JUNCTIONS	Slight erosion due to rain runoff	Insignificant in view of future Merrill Creek Project.
. DRAINS	Several-2-inch diameter pipes in spillway and abutments, randomly located. Some are leaking.	Appear to be functioning adequately.
WATER PASSAGES	None	
FOUNDATION	Bedrock (Gneiss)	

'n

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISIV	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBERSVATIONS	REPARKS OR RECORDERMATIONS
SURFA	SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES	Many surface cracks.	Should be repaired in the event that Merrill Creek Reservoir project is not constructed in the near future.
STRUC	STRUCTURAL CRACKING	None evident	
VERTICAL	VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNÆENT	Good, no movement is evident	
NOTO	MONOLITH JOINTS	Unknown	
CONSI	CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	Spalled in several locations	

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VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCKETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	None observed. Concrete surfaces in draw down well below gate house in good condition except for some seepage around the perimeter of 18-inch-diameter C.I. pipes. Outlet conduit is 33-inch-diameter C.I. pipe.	Seepage insignificant in view of time frame of Merrill Creek Project.
INTAKE STRUCTURE	Submerged concrete intake channel not visible from the surface.	
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Concrete return wall at 90 degree with spillway sidewall, serving as endwall for 33-inch-diameter C.I. outlet pipe, in good condition.	
OUTLET CHANNEL	See downstream channel section	
EMERGENCY GATE	Cate valve inside the drawdown well. In operable condition.	

INCATED SPILLWAY

	UNGATED SPILLWAY	
O MOTANTHIAN OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
VISUAL EARLINATION OF	Morizontal surface crack	Spalling is insignificant in view
CONCRETE WEIN	approximately 2 feet from crest. Several 2-inch-diameter pipes protruding from downstream face. Some spalling at construction (cold) joints.	of Merrill Creek Project.
APPROACH CHANNEL		
	Reservoir upstream from dam fed by Merrill Creek.	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	See downstream channel section.	
BRIDCE AND PIERS	None	

6

	RESERVOIR	
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REPARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Steep to mild. Heavily wooded. Two local roads approximately 4 feet above water level. One along west shore, the other crossing the reservoir north of the dam with a 24-footspan bridge over the former Merrill Creek channel.	
Sedicentation	Slight	

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DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPFRATION ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST

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REMARKS

Available - 1903 drawing of original dam construction and 1980 drawing for spillway modifications - P.S.E. &. G. Co., 80 Park Place, Newark, New Jersey, 07101. PLAN OF DAM

RESTIONAL VICINITY MAP

Available - U.S.G.S. Quad -

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY

None available

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM

None available

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA

None available

Available - P.S. F. & G. Company

OFFIETS - PLAN

None available

- OFTAILS

- CONSTRAINTS

None available Thknown

- DISCHARGE RATIN'S

None available

RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS

TEM

REMARKS

SPILLWAY PLAN

Available - P.S.E.& G. Company, Newark, New Jersey

SECTIONS

Available - P.S.E.& G. Company, Newark, New Jersey

DETAILS

Available - P.S.E.& G. Company, Newark, New Jersey

OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLAN & DETAILS

None available

None Available None Available REMARKS GEOLOGY REPORTS DESIGN REPORTS TTEM

وا

DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEFAGE STUDIES

None Available None Available None Available None Available

> MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD

None Available None Available None Available None Available

POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM

Available for spillway only - 1980 - P.S.E.&G. Company

BORROW SOURCES.

N/A Concrete sources unknown

REMARKS None MONITORING SYSTEMS ITEM

4

Spillway extension (vertical) construction in 1965 Spillway extension (vertical) removal in 1980 MODIFICATIONS

None Available HIGH POOL RECORDS Available at P.S.E.&G. Company (spillway extension removal and stability analysis by Charles T. Main Company) POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS

None Recorded None Available None Available

PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS

None Available

MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS

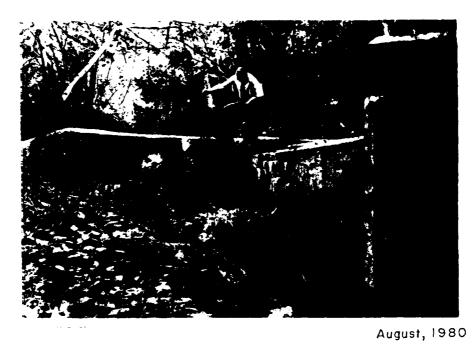


August, 1980 View of Right Abutment



August, 1980 View of Downstream from Dam Crest

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View of Outlet Structure



August, 1980 Cracking On Dam Face Near Left Abutment



August, 1980 View of Dam from Right Abutment



August, 1980 View of Dam Looking Downstream

CHECK LIST HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC DATA ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:	3.8 sq. miles:
ELEVATION TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY):	
ELEVATION TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPAC	
ELEVATION MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL:	Unknown
ELEVATION TOP DAM:	732.5
CREST: Spillway	
a. Elevation 728.5 MSL b. Type Concrete ogee weir 2+ toot narrow crested weir	
h Type Concrete ogee weir	
b. Type Concrete ogee weir c. Width 2+ foot narrow crested weir	
d. Length 119 feet	
e. Location Spillover 29 feet from right a	
f Number and Transfer None	Outlient
f. Number and Type of Gates None	
OUTLET WORKS: 3 stage inlet pipe gallery	
a. Type 33-inch-dia. CIP	
b. Location left side of spillway	
c. Entrance inverts 722, 711, 700	
d. Exit inverts 699	
e. Emergency draindown facilities Same	
HYBROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES:	
a. Type Flow gauge	
b. Location Spillway toe sidewall/outlet	pipe conjunction
a. Type Flow Gauge b. Location Spillway toe sidewall/outlet c. Records Unknown	
MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE: 2904 cfs	

CHKD. BY DATE THESE DAM PROJECT C. 162

Time OF CONCENTRATION:

LENSIN ALONG LONGEL, WATERCO INCE TO DRAINLISE DIVILE = 19 NO FT = 3.74 mi

44 - 512.5 . CLAPE = 2.60%

ASSUME VELOR TY OF 2 /282.

: te = 19,750 = 1.83 Hours

CALIFORNIA CHLVETTE METHOD

te = (11.9 x 3.74) 0.035 = 1.08 HOURS

BY SCE METHOD (FROM URBAN HYDROLOSY FOR SMALL WATERSHEDS TECHNICAL RELEASE NO. SE)

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SLOPE = 25%

6= 12,750 FT.

USING MONDERAM (FIG. 3.2) FOR L= (5.00 v 2.5)

L= LAG IN HOUSE

L = 2.35 426.

1. to = LAG = 2.35/0.6 = 3.70 HPS.

155 En = 5:10 are.

To = 2/2 + 0.6 to To = 25 + 0.6 (2.10) = 1.33

CHKD. BY DATE DATE TO

$$q_p = \frac{4.54(3.1)(1)}{1.39} = 1079 crs$$

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125	0.90	9.97	1047
1.50	1.08	6.1.4	1062
1.75	1.26	0.872	941
200	1.44	0.714	770
2 25	1.62	0.546	589
2.55	1.80	0.42	453
275	1.98	0.33	356
300	2.16	0.256	276
3.25	234	0.178	214
360	2.5%	0.15	162
3.75	270	0.114	125
4,00	288	0.038	95
4.25	3.06	0.07	76
4.50	3.24	0.006	40
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LENGTH 'OVER DAM' = 159' - 10' = 149' GATE HOUSE WIGH

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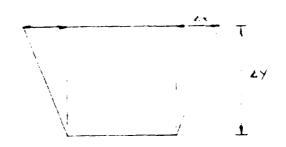
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EL 770



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EL 7-8.5

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PEAK

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HYDROGRAPH AT 1

ROUTED TO

6-HOUR

1423.

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24-HOUR 72-HOUR

344.

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